

PermaNet®portfolio: innovation & partnerships

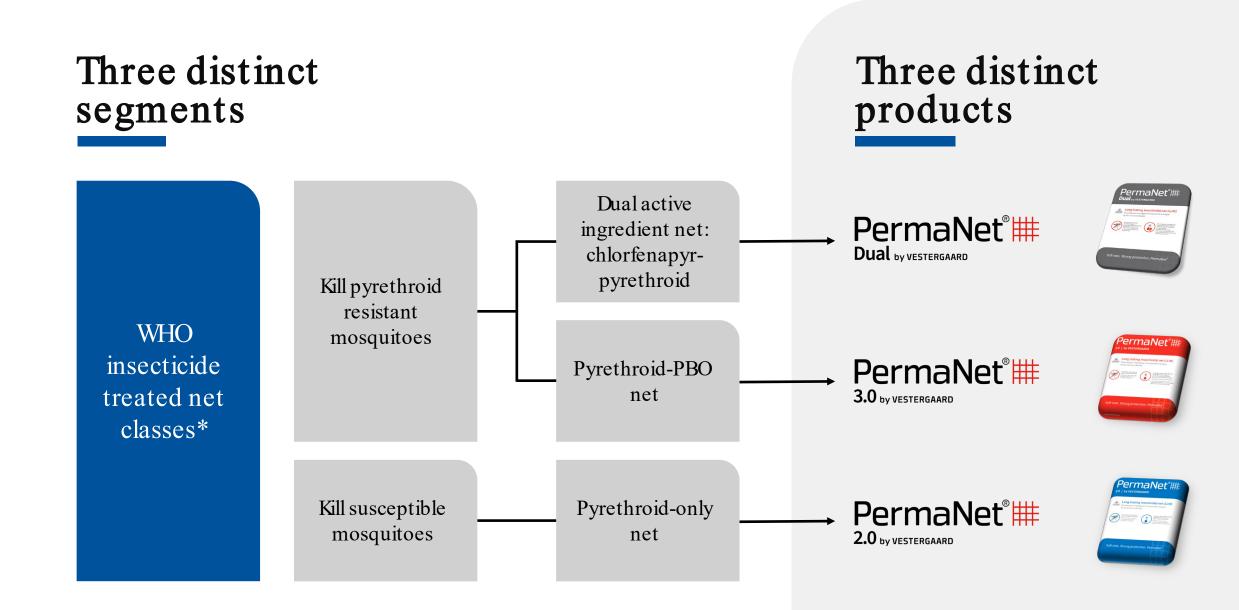
IVCC stakeholder forum Liverpool, UK

October 2023



- 1 PermaNet®portfolio
- 2 Innovation & partnerships
 - Product development
 - Manufacturing scale up
 - Insecticide resistance management and other strategic areas





*WHO (2021). Insecticide-treated nets for malaria transmission control in areas with insecticide-resistant mosquito populations Preferred product characteristics <u>https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240018730</u>

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PermaNet®product portfolio

Killing pyrethroid susceptible mosquitoes	Killing pyrethroid resistant mosquitoes	Killing pyrethroid resistant mosquitoes	
Pyrethroid-only 1 st generation	Pyrethroid-PBO 2 nd generation	Dual AI (+ pyrethroid) 3 rd generation	Dual AI (+/- pyrethroid) 3 rd /4 th generation
PermaNet®2.0 deltamethrin	PermaNet®3.0 deltamethrin – PBO	PermaNet®Dual chlorfenapyr – deltamethrin	Additional product with different AI (MoA) for IRM
PermaNet [®]	PermaNet [®]	PermaNet [®]	
		Insecticide Resistance Management (IRM)	

• Rotation? Mosaic?



Zahouli et al. Malaria Journal (2023) 22:36 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12936-023-04455-z Malaria Journal

RESEARCH

Open Access

Small-scale field evaluation of PermaNet[®] Dual (a long-lasting net coated with a mixture of chlorfenapyr and deltamethrin) against pyrethroid-resistant *Anopheles gambiae* mosquitoes from Tiassalé, Côte d'Ivoire

Julien Z. B. Zahouli^{1,2,3*}, Constant A. V. Edi¹, Laurence A. Yao¹, Emmanuelle G. Lisro¹, Marc Adou^{1,4}, Inza Koné^{1,5}, Graham Small⁶, Eleanore D. Sternberg^{7,8} and Benjamin G. Koudou^{1,4}

Abstract

Background Due to the rapid expansion of pyrethroid-resistance in malaria vectors in Africa, Global Plan for Insecticide Resistance Management (GPIRM) has recommended the development of long-lasting insecticidal nets (LLINs), containing insecticide mixtures of active ingredients with different modes of action to mitigate resistance and improve LLIN efficacy. This good laboratory practice (GLP) study evaluated the efficacy of the chlorfenapyr and deltamethrin-coated PermaNet[®] Dual, in comparison with the deltamethrin and synergist piperonyl butoxide (PBO)treated PermaNet[®] 3.0 and the deltamethrin-coated PermaNet[®] 2.0, against wild free-flying pyrethroid-resistant *Anopheles gambiae* sensu lato (sl.), in experimental huts in Tiassalé, Côte d'Ivoire (West Africa).

Methods PermaNet[®] Dual, PermaNet[®] 3.0 and PermaNet[®] 2.0, unwashed and washed (20 washes), were tested against free-flying pyrethroid-resistant *An. gambiae s.l.* in the experimental huts in Tiassalé, Côte d'Ivoire from March to August 2020. Complementary laboratory cone bioassays (daytime and 3-min exposure) and tunnel tests (nightly and 15-h exposure) were performed against pyrethroid-susceptible *An. gambiae* sensu stricto (*s.s.*) (Kisumu strain) and pyrethroid-resistant *An. gambiae* s.l. (Tiassalé strain).

Results: PermaNet[®] Dual demonstrated significantly improved efficacy, compared to PermaNet[®] 3.0 and PermaNet[®] 2.0, against the pyrethroid-resistant *An. gambiae sl.* Indeed, the experimental hut trial data showed that the mortality and blood-feeding inhibition in the wild pyrethroid-resistant *An. gambiae sl.* were overall significantly higher with PermaNet[®] Dual compared with PermaNet[®] 3.0 and PermaNet[®] 2.0, for both unwashed and washed samples. The mortality with unwashed and washed samples were 93.6 ± 0.2% and 83.2 ± 0.9% for PermaNet[®] Dual, 37.5 ± 2.9% and 14.4 ± 3.9% for PermaNet[®] 3.0, and 7.4 ± 5.1% and 11.7 ± 3.4% for PermaNet[®] 2.0, respectively. Moreover, unwashed and washed samples produced the respective percentage blood-feeding inhibition of 41.4 ± 6.9% and 43.7 ± 4.8% with PermaNet[®] Dual, 51.0 ± 5.7% and 9.8 ± 3.6% with PermaNet[®] 3.0, and 12.8 ± 4.3% and $- 13.0 \pm 3.6\%$ with PermaNet[®] 2.0. Overall, PermaNet[®] Dual also induced higher or similar deterrence, exolinal yersonal protection when compared with the standard PermaNet[®] 3.0 and PermaNet[®] 3.0 and PermaNet[®] 2.0.

*Correspondence: Julien Z. B. Zahouli julien.zahouli@csrs.ci Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



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scientific reports

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OPEN PermaNet Dual, a new deltamethrin-chlorfenapyr mixture net, shows improved efficacy against pyrethroid-resistant *Anopheles gambiae* sensu lato in southern Benin

Thomas Syme^{1,2,3}, Boris N'dombidjé^{2,3}, Martial Gbegbo^{2,3}, Damien Todjinou^{2,3}, Victoria Ariori^{2,3}, Patricia De Vos⁴, Olivier Pigeon⁴ & Corine Ngufor^{1,2,3}

Pyrethroid-chlorfenapyr nets have demonstrated improved entomological and epidemiological impact in trials across Africa. This is driving increased demand for this novel net class in malaria-endemic countries. PermaNet Dual is a new deltamethrin-chlorfenapyr net developed by Vestergaard Sàrl to provide more options to malaria control programmes. We performed an experimental hut trial to evaluate the efficacy of PermaNet Dual against wild, free-flying pyrethroid-resistant Anopheles gambiae sensu lato in Covè, Benin. PermaNet Dual induced superior levels of mosquito mortality compared to a pyrethroid-only net and a pyrethroid-piperonyl butoxide net both when unwashed (77% with PermaNet Dual vs. 23% with PermaNet Dual vs. 14% with PermaNet 3.0, p < 0.001) and after 20 standardised washes (75% with PermaNet Dual vs. 14% with PermaNet 3.0, p < 0.001) using a provisional non-inferiority margin defined by the World Health Organisation, PermaNet Dual use (Interceptor G2), for vector mortality (79% vs. 76%, OR = 0.878, 95% Cls 0.719–1.073) but not for blood-feeding protection (35% vs. 26%, OR = 1.424, 95% Cls 1.177–1.723). PermaNet Dual presents an additional option of this highly effective net class for improved control of malaria transmitted by pyrethroid-resistant mosquitoes.

Abbreviations

- PBO Piperonyl butoxide
- ITN Insecticide treated nets
- LLIN Long-lasting insecticidal nets
- WHO World Health Organization PO Prequalification team
- PQ Prequalification team cRCT Cluster randomised controlled trial
- GLP Good laboratory practice
- CREC Centre de Recherche Entomologique de Cotonou
- LSHTM London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Insecticide-treated nets (ITNs) are the most effective and widely adopted preventive measure against malaria. They have been consistently shown to reduce malaria morbidity and mortality under trial¹ and programmatic conditions², and have made the largest contribution of any intervention to recent reductions in malaria¹. Their

³London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine, London, UK. ²Centre de Recherche Entomologique de Cotonou, Cotonou, Benin. ³Pan African Malaria Vector Research Consortium (PAMVERC), Cotonou, Benin. ⁴Centre Walloon de Recherches Agronomiques (CRA-W), Gembloux, Belgium. [⊡]email: Thomas.syme@lshtm.ac.uk; corine.ngufor@lshtm.ac.uk

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nature portfolio



Global Fund Announces New Mechanism to Increase Access to More Effective Mosquito Nets to Prevent Malaria

22 August 2023

Geneva – The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (the Global Fund) is launching a new Revolving Facility to negotiate improved supply terms for global health products for the countries it supports. This financial mechanism uses advanced market commitments, including volume guarantees, to drive more affordable access to quality-assured health products and accelerate health product introductions and innovations at greater scale.

Durability



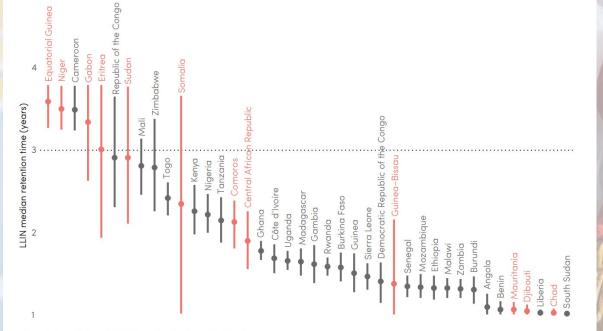
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Durability

World Malaria Report 2022: *Median retention is 1.9 years; nets are discarded sooner than they are replaced mainly owing to the development of holes*

FIG. 9.7.

Median LLIN retention time by country, ordered from highest to lowest Dots show mean parameter values, and vertical bars indicate 95% CI width. Countries with fewer surveys have less stable model fits; those having fewer than three surveys are indicated in red. *Source: Bertozzi-Villa et al. (2021) (69).*



CI: confidence interval; LLIN: long-lasting insecticidal net.

Median survival time of PermaNet 3.0 (years)

Country	Monitoring Month	PermaNet 3.0
Burkina Faso		2.9 ^{a&b}
Mozambique	12 months	
Nigeria		
Burkina Faso		2.9ª
Burundi		1.7ª
Rwanda	– 24 months	3.5ª
Sierra Leone		4.8ª
Tanzania	36 months	
Burkina Faso	50 11011118	3.2ª

References:

- a. PMI ITN durability monitoring reports (2022-2023): https://www.pmi.gov/resources/
- b. PATH New Nets Project Interim report July 2022





LLIN durability

- Innovation to improve physical (fabric) durability
- 2. Metrics how to measure durability
- 3. Value of increase durability- '*cost per year of functional life*'





PermaNet[®] ## 3.0 by VESTERGAARD



